



Présent de be.					Les Auxiliaires	
<b>Forme affirmative pleine.</b> I am. You are. She, he, it is. We are. You are. They are.	<b>Forme affirmative contractée.</b> I'm. You're. She, he, it's. We're. You're. They're.	<b>Forme interrogative.</b> Am I? Are you? Is she, he, it? Are we? Are you? Are they?	<b>Forme négative pleine.</b> I am not. You are not. She, he, it is not. We are not. You are not. They are not.	<b>Forme négative contractée.</b> I'm not. You aren't. She, he, it isn't. We aren't. You aren't. They aren't.	<b>Be</b> <b>Have (got)</b>  Je les mets devant le sujet pour former une phrase interrogative.	
Présent de have got.					AUXILIAIRE DE SECOURS AU PRESENT : DO /DOES	
<b>Forme affirmative pleine.</b> I have got. You have got. She, he, it has got. We have got. You have got. They have got.	<b>Forme affirmative contractée</b> I've got. You've got. She, he, it's got. We've got. You've got. They've got.	<b>Forme interrogative.</b> Have I got? Have you got? Has she, he, it got? Have we got? Have you got? Have they got?	<b>Forme négative pleine.</b> I have not got. You have not got. She, he, it has not got. We have not got. You have not got. They have not got.	<b>Forme négative contractée.</b> I haven't got. You haven't got. She, he, it hasn't got. We haven't got. You haven't got. They haven't got.	<b>Les auxiliaires modaux : ils sont invariables</b>  <b>CAN</b> (pouvoir, savoir) <b>Must</b> (devoir)  Ils sont suivis d'une BV (base verbale) = un verbe sans terminaison.	
Présent de like.					Savoir compter	
<b>Forme affirmative.</b> I like. You like.   She, he, it like <b>S</b> . We like. You like. They like.	<b>Forme interrogative.</b> Do I like? Do you like? Does she, he, it like? Do we like? Do you like? Do they like?	<b>Forme négative pleine</b> I <b>do</b> not like. You <b>do</b> not like. She, he, it <b>does</b> not like. We <b>do</b> not like. You <b>do</b> not like. They <b>do</b> not like.	<b>Forme négative contractée.</b> I <b>don't</b> like. You <b>don't</b> like. She, he, it <b>doesn't</b> like. We <b>don't</b> like. You <b>don't</b> like. They <b>don't</b> like.	One, two, three, <b>four</b> , <b>five</b> , six, seven, eight, nine, <b>ten</b> , eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, <b>fifteen</b> , sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen...	<b>Twenty, thirty, forty, fifty,</b> <b>Sixty, seventy, eighty,</b> <b>ninety,</b> one hundred / two hundred. One thousand / two thousand.	34: thirty-four 98: ninety-eight. 102: one hundred <b>and</b> two 245: two hundred <b>and</b> forty-five. 1736: one thousand seven hundred and thirty- six.
Présent de go.					Savoir dire la date	
<b>Forme affirmative.</b> I go. You go.   She, he, it goe <b>S</b> . We go. You go. They go.	<b>Forme interrogative.</b> Do I go? Do you go? Does she, he, it go? Do we go? Do you go? Do they go?	<b>Forme négative pleine.</b> I <b>do</b> not go. You <b>do</b> not go. She, he, it <b>does</b> not go. We <b>do</b> not go. You <b>do</b> not go. They <b>do</b> not go.	<b>Forme négative contractée.</b> I <b>don't</b> go. You <b>don't</b> go. She, he, it <b>doesn't</b> go. We <b>don't</b> go. You <b>don't</b> go. They <b>don't</b> go.	<u>Monday, Tuesday,</u> <u>Wednesday,</u> <u>Thursday,</u> <u>Friday, Saturday,</u> <u>Sunday.</u>  Ils prennent toujours une majuscule.	<u>January, February,</u> <u>March, April, May,</u> <u>June, July, August,</u> <u>September,</u> <u>October, November,</u> <u>December.</u>  Ils prennent toujours une majuscule.	1 <sup>st</sup> (the first). 2 <sup>nd</sup> (the second). 3 <sup>rd</sup> (the third). 4 <sup>th</sup> (the fourth).....7 <sup>th</sup> 8 <sup>th</sup> 10 <sup>th</sup> , 11 <sup>th</sup> .....  21 <sup>st</sup> (the twenty-first). 22 <sup>nd</sup> (the twenty-second). 23 <sup>rd</sup> (the twenty-third). 31 <sup>st</sup> (the thirty-first)
Savoir poser une question						
<b>Les mots interrogatifs</b> <b>Wh</b> ☺ = qui? <b>What</b> = que , qu'est-ce que, quel, quelle, quels, quelles ? <b>Where</b> = où ? <b>When</b> = quand ? <b>Why</b> = pourquoi ? <b>How</b> = comment ? <b>How many</b> = combien +Nom pluriel ? <b>How much</b> = combien (pour payer), combien + quantité ? <b>How well</b> = quel niveau ? <b>How often</b> = à quelle fréquence ?		<b>Questions fermées :</b> Elles donnent une réponse en Yes / no <b>AUX + S + COMPLEMENTS ?</b> Are you from England? Have the pupils got a book ?  <b>AUX + S + BV + COMPLEMENTS?</b> Do you like fish and chips? Can your mother speak English and German?			<b>Questions ouvertes</b> <b>MOT INTERROGATIF + AUX + S ?</b> <b>What is your e-mail address?</b>  <b>MOT INTERROGATIF + AUX + S + BV + COMPLEMENTS ?</b> What time <b>do</b> you get up on Mondays? How well <b>can</b> the children play tennis?	